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An Introduction to Creating a Trauma-Informed Culture in the Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Facility

PART 4: Grounding as an Essential Strategy to Calm an Activated Nervous System

September 21, 2023



Today's Event Host

Nikki Harris, MA, CBHC-BS

COE-NF TRAINING AND EDUCATION LEAD

- For the past 20 years, Nikki has provided program implementation, development, management, external and internal trainings, policy development, quality assurance, and managed training coordination and technical support throughout the southeast region.
- Previously, she served as the project manager for the Division of Behavioral Health and Substance Use Services within the South Carolina Department of Corrections.
- She has a B.A. in psychology from the University of South Carolina, a M.A. in counseling from Webster University and is a certified behavioral specialist.



Today's Presenter

Paige Hector, LMSW PRINCIPAL, PAIGE AHEAD HEALTHCARE EDUCATION & CONSULTING

Paige is a consultant, nationally recognized speaker, and author with over 25 years of experience in post-acute and long-term care settings.

She specializes in diverse topics for the interdisciplinary team, person- centered traumainformed care, non-violent communication, sustainable process improvement and advance care planning.

Paige writes extensively on topics relevant to nursing homes, including multiple chapters of *Managing the Long-Term Care Facility*, 2nd Edition, due for publication in 2023.

She is actively involved in the AMDA Education Committee; the Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Workgroup; and the Behavioral Health Advisory Council, as well as national work groups to improve trauma-informed care. In 2018, she was named the Gerontologist of the Year for the Arizona Geriatrics Society.

Contact: www.paigeahead.com | paige@paigeahead.com





An Introduction to Creating a Trauma-Informed Culture in the Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Facility

PART 4: Grounding as an Essential Strategy to Calm an Activated Nervous System

Paige Hector, LMSW

Consultant | Speaker | Writer www.paigeahead.com paige@paigeahead.com 520-955-3387

Learning Objectives

- 1. Explain reactions (things people say and do) as associated with an activated nervous system.
- 2. Describe the practice of grounding and name three grounding ideas to try with residents in your community.
- 3. Discuss trauma-informed touch and how to integrate that awareness into resident care interactions.
- 4. Correlate trauma-informed principles with staff wellbeing.

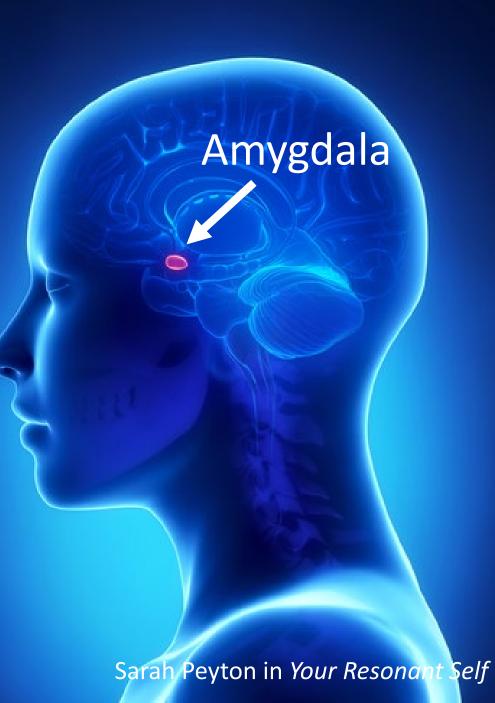
Recap of topics covered in Parts 1-3

- Definition of trauma
- Sources of trauma
- Impacts of trauma
- Reactions, not behaviors
- Trauma is cumulative
- Delayed reaction to trauma worksheet
- Triggers and retraumatization
- Becoming trauma-informed is a continual process, not an endpoint
- Trauma-informed principles
- Nervous system response/activation
- Impact of triggers on behavior
- Difference between trauma screening and trauma assessment
- Direct and indirect screening
- Primary Care PTSD 5 screening tool

Person-centered traumainformed care recognizes the pervasive nature of trauma and integrates principles and practices to promote healing and recovery.

Nervous System Response

- Memories are stored in the amygdala, and this tiny part of our brain filters and sorts everything that comes in with the present-day experience to identify similarities to difficult or dangerous situations from our past
 - While awake, the amygdala is constantly scanning (12-100 times per second!) for safety with essentially asking itself, "Am I safe, do I matter?"
- It sets off an alarm whenever there is a sense of historical or present-time danger



What are Triggers?

- Triggers are reminders of dangerous or frightening things (or people) that happened in the past* and the person experiences the event all over again, even if the current environment is "safe"
 - Intrusive memories, difficulty focusing, feeling flooded with emotions, or feeling disconnected
 - May experience intense fear, horror, or helplessness
- Triggers come without warning and can be ANYTHING and the person may not even associate the trigger with an event or know that it's happening
 - Sights, smells, sounds, words, social situations, physical sensation, temperature, visual stimuli, a look on someone's face, lack of choice, being trapped, seating arrangement, emotionality from others, tension between people, lack of communication
 - May be associated with a time of day, season, holiday, or anniversary of the event
 - Triggers can be puzzling or disturbing for others, especially when the person associates us or something we are doing with trauma

Triggers (trauma reminders) can be interpreted as...

- "I'm not safe."
- "I can't protect myself."
- "I'm going to die."
- "I don't matter."

When a person interprets their environment in this way, they may react in ways that others may not understand or enjoy.

Reactions, not "Behaviors" (that may contribute to challenging care situations)

- Declining "refusing" care
- Yelling, arguing
- OCD, other anxiety disorders
- Isolation, withdrawal
- Protective gestures
- Aggression (verbal and physical)
- Resistance to care
- Self injurious coping mechanisms drugs, alcohol, prostitution
- Unwelcome sexual expression

These may be COPING MECHANISMS that made perfect sense at the time of a traumatic experience although they may no longer suit the current circumstance.

They are not character faults and while they may cause us difficulty now, they began as modes of survival.

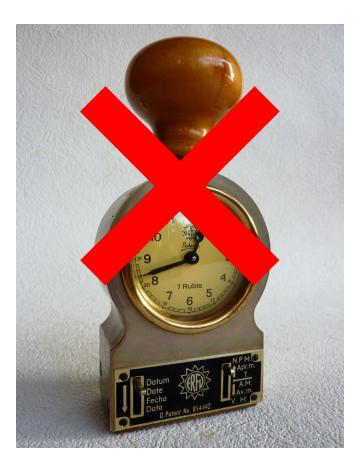
~Gabor Mate, MD

Trauma Imprints the Mind, Brain, and Body

"We have learned that trauma is not just an event that took place sometime in the past; it is also the imprint left by that experience on mind, brain, and body. This imprint has ongoing consequences for how the human organism manages to survive in the present. Trauma results in a fundamental reorganization of the way mind and brain manage perceptions. It changes not only how we think and what we think about, but also our very capacity to think." (Dr. Bessel Van Der Kolk, The Body Keeps the Score)



Memories in the amygdala are NOT time-stamped



There is no clear sense that the memory is over, and the body still reacts the same way:

- Getting attacked by a dog as a child and then a pet therapy dog comes into the facility. The person's heart rate goes up and they may exhibit fear, even though there is no danger from this animal. The person's amygdala sprung into action based on the memory that was imprinted in the brain as a child.
- A person was in an abusive relationship and had very little choice in daily life. Now this person is a resident in your community and is told their shower days are certain days of the week. They shut down (give in) or they explode on you.

Mases of associations that form vivid memories of emotionally significant seconds in a person's lifetime become a glacier of experience, triggerable at any moment.

Sarah Peyton in Your Resonant Self

The Power of the Amygdala

A woman moves into your community following hip replacement surgery...

- The amygdala stores ALL those sensory elements and memories and scans incoming data for signs of life-threatening danger
 - Brain is scanning 12-200 times per SECOND
 - "Am I safe? Do I matter?"
- She may not be aware of all those sensory elements and yet if the amygdala identifies a similar sensation or perception, her body will react as if the event is happening all over again
- You go in to assist with ADLs, check her dressing, or offer therapy and she becomes distressed (e.g., declines care, cries, yells, or argues)



An activated nervous system may show signs of distress including:

- Dilated pupils
- Muscles tense
- Changes in posture
- Repetitive movement like twisting a tissue in their hand
- Hands shaking
- Changes in speech (rapid, slow, losing coherence)
- Changes in breathing (shallow, racing, holding breath)



Body (Physical) Sensations

Relaxed	Comfortable	Mild Discomfort		Agitated	High Discor
Airy	Fluid	Antsy	Faint	Frantic	Achy
Calm	Full	Bloated	Frail	Frozen	Bruised
Floating	Fuzzy	Blocked	Full	Hot	Broken
Flowing	Loose	Breathless	Fuzzy	In a knot	Burning
Lax	Open	Chilly	Hollow	Intense	Heavy
Light	Radiant	Closed	Lethargic	Itchy	lcy
Mellow	Radiating	Cool, cold	Light-headed	Jittery	Nauseous
Still	Releasing	Congested	Limp	Jumbled	Numb
	Spacious	Constricted	Puffy	Jumpy	Leaden
Energized	Strong	Contracted	Sensitive	Nervous	Paralyzed
	Tender	Clammy	Shaky	Sharp	Pressure
Buoyant Rubbly	Warm	Disconnected	,	Spinning	Prickly
Bubbly		Dizzy	Shuddery	Squirmy	Pulsing
Buzzy		Drained	Sneezy	Scrunchy	Queasy
Effervescent		Dull	Sore	Shaky	Quivery
Electric		Empty	Spacey	Twisted	Racing
Expansive Flushed		. ,	Tingly	Twitchy	Sweaty
			Vibrating	Unstable	Tense
Goose bumpy					Tight
Warm					Trombly

<u>omfort</u>

Trembly Tremulous Wobbly

Wooden

The Anger Continuum (A possible way to look at the words we use as we have less and less of a sense of mattering)

- Dissatisfied
- Piqued
- Displeased
- Vexed
- Peeved
- Indignant
- Irritated
- Exasperated
- Resentful
- Aggravated

MadAngry

- Outrages
- Irate
- Fuming
- Seething
- Infuriated, furious
- Incensed
- Enraged
- Livid

Starts with words of mild dissatisfaction

[Feel free to change the order to reflect the level of intensity that you feel with these words.]

Sarah Peyton in Your Resonant Self

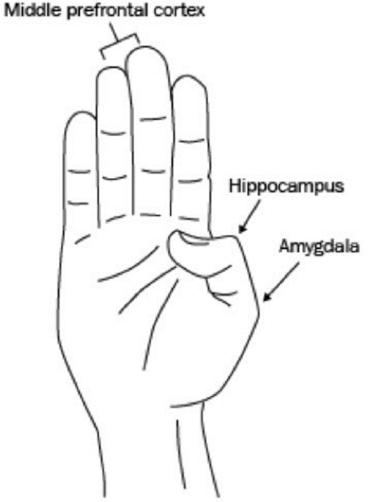
Builds in

intensity

Prefrontal Cortex (PFC)

Cerebral cortex Brain stem **Spinal Cord**

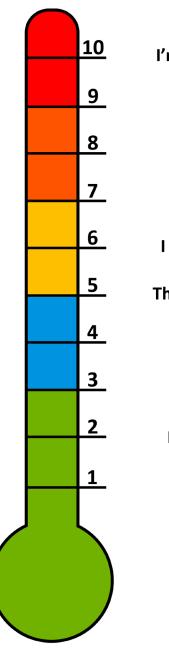
Flipped Lid! The Amygdala (alarm center) is acting on instinct (fight, flight, or freeze)



Hand model of the brain by Dr. Dan Siegel, UCLA Clinical Professor of Psychiatry

Feelings thermometer





I'm exploding out of control I am ready to explode I am boiling I am heating up I am getting uncomfortable This is hard but I'm in control I am okay I am cool and collected I am relaxed and happy I'm feeling great!

Check-in Board to Cultivate Awareness (for staff and residents)



Stress First Aid (Watson, Westphal & Gist, 2020)

Radical Acceptance

Accepting reality without resistance

"OK, this is what is happening. How can I manage it?"



When your brain is on fire from trauma, anxiety, or fear it's hard to remember resources (e.g., grounding strategies).

Michael Keller, LSCSW Center for Psychological Trauma, LLC



Grounding is a method of distraction when a person is experiencing stress or distress in the form of disturbing thoughts, memories, or feelings and connects the person with the present moment.

Grounding helps us shift from the "then and there" to the "here and now." Grounding practices attend to trauma-informed principles of trust, safety, choice, voice, empowerment, and collaboration

- Nursing homes are structured environments, and they serve multiple **functions**
- Using grounding practices in our interactions helps us bring more **relational interconnectedness** between people (what we long for and is often missing)

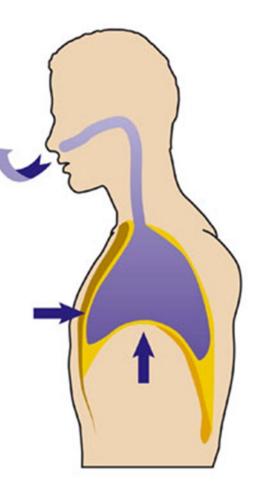


Breathing is Essential

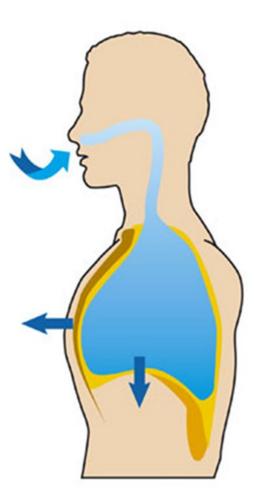
Deep breaths that engage the abdominal muscles (instead of short, shallow breaths)

Exhaling Comes FIRST!

Exhale through the nose.



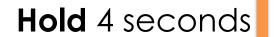
Inhale through the mouth.



Mathieu F. The Compassion Fatigue Workbook. New York, NY: Taylor & Francis Group; 2012.

Box Method Breathing Technique

Exhale 4 seconds





Hold 4 seconds



Handouts on Breathing Techniques

University of California, Berkeley

<u>https://uhs.berkeley.edu/sites/default/files/breathing_exercises_0.pdf</u>

Breathing Techniques for Anxiety and Stress

 <u>https://mindovermunch.com/wp-</u> content/uploads/2021/01/Breathing-Exercises-for-Stress.pdf

Harvard Business

 <u>https://www.harvardbusiness.org/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2019/01/StressMgmt_BreathingTechniques.pdf</u>



Open and close your jaw widely to elicit a yawn and invite breath

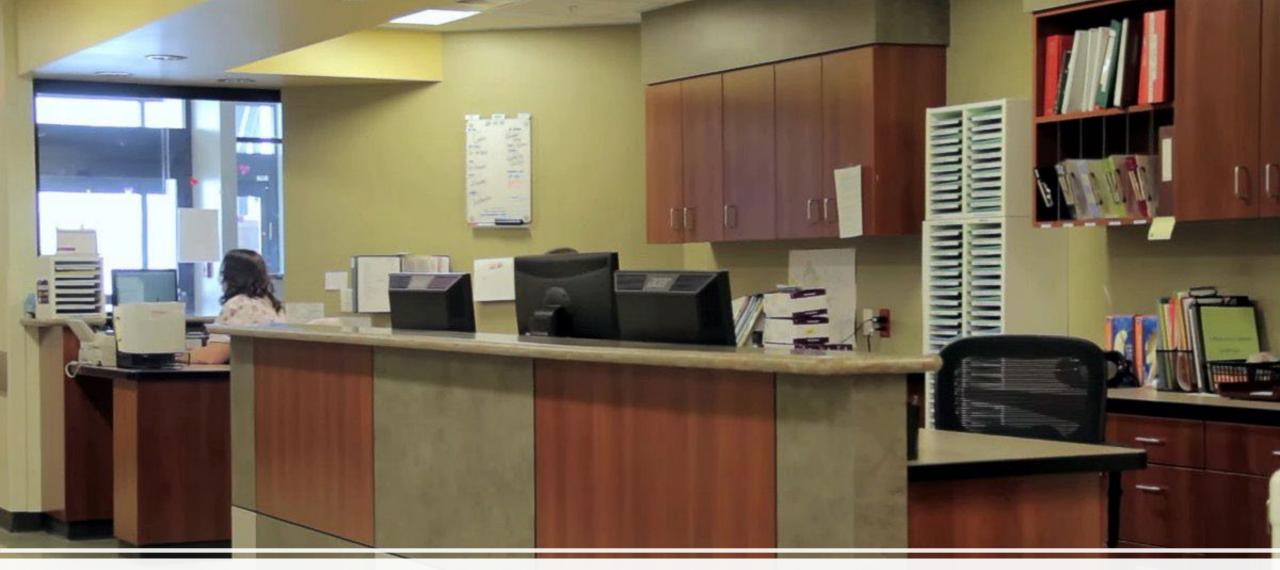
Movement!

Wiggle your bum, feel the chair beneath you Move your feet, feel the floor beneath you

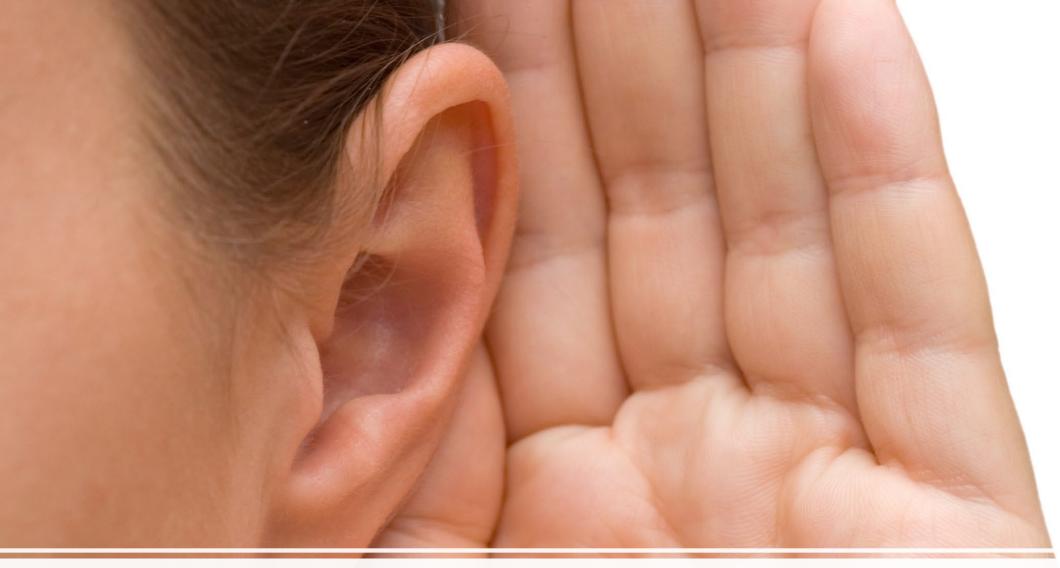


Move That Body!

ANY



What do you see (e.g., colors, objects)?



What do you hear?

If possible, go outside! What do you see? Hear? Touch?

FOREST BATHING

HOW TREES CAN HELP YOU FIND HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

DR. QING LI

CHAIRMAN OF THE JAPANESE SOCIETY FOR FOREST MEDICINE Forest Medicine – the art and science of how trees can promote physical and mental health, e.g., lower heart rate and blood pressure, and reduce stress hormone production to improve overall feelings of wellbeing.



Journal of the American Medical Directors Association

Volume 21, Issue 4, April 2020, Pages 476-480



Original Study

Lower Incidence of In-Hospital Falls in Patients Hospitalized in Window Beds Than Nonwindow Beds

Junko Iwamoto RN, PhD^a, Keigo Saeki MD, PhD^b, Miwa Kobayashi RN^c, Yuki Yamagami RN, PHN, PhD^b, Osamu Yoshida MD, PhD^a, Norio Kurumatani MD, PhD^b, Kenji Obayashi MD, PhD^b A 🖾



Hold an ice cube in your hand and let it melt (notice sensations).

Naming Categories

Choose a category and name as many items as you can:

- Fruits and vegetables
- Sports teams
- Animals
- Colors
- Cities
- Cars
- TV shows
- Cereals
- Movies



Listen to favorite music

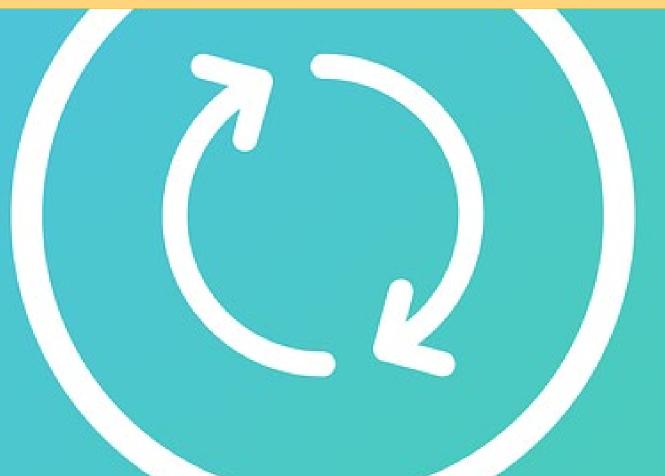


Music can give you chills and goosebumps.

Music and Dopamine: The Reason of Your Goosebumps

https://liveinnovation.org/music-and-dopamine-the-reason-of-your-goosebumps/

Why do you play a favorite song over and over?!



Music and Dopamine: The Reason of Your Goosebumps

https://liveinnovation.org/music-and-dopamine-the-reason-of-your-goosebumps/







Strong flavors and sensations in the mouth







Smells like peppermint, bathing salts, and oils



Texture and touch are powerful



le - Britains Got Talent 2009 Episode 1 - Saturday 11th April I HD High Quality

Monster Siri Commercial

Laugher and tears!



Share laughter whenever you can!

Check out Sophie Scott's TED talk on the neuroscience of laughter.

https://www.ted.com/speakers/sophie_scott

Snuggle an animal

Think about someone who loves us. (The person can be alive or someone who has died)



Rerunning favorite sporting events or movie scenes

Picturing a beautiful place in nature

Compassionate Self Talk

- Create mercy and gentleness with self-talk
- Place your hand over your heart (can even gently pat your chest)
- Express kindness to yourself as you would to others
- Recite words directed at yourself
 - "Oh, Paige, your soul is aching for peace and comfort today. I hear you, I hear you."



Give yourself grace

You are doing everything you can given these extraordinary circumstances.

Mantras

I call upon the peace of my soul.

May there be joy in this day. May I bring joy to others.

A hard moment does not mean a hard rest of the day.

I am choosing grace in this moment.

Thank you.

A Calm, Safe Place

A resource to help ground (balance, calm) an individual when feeling anxious, stressed, angry, fearful, overwhelmed, etc.

Tips to Identify Your Calm, Safe Place

Where did you (do you) have fun? Where do you go to relax?

When you think of this place, what comes to mind?

- What is your strongest memory of it?
- What images, sounds, emotions, and smells accompany it?
- Where do you notice these sensations in your body?

Close your eyes and feel those positive feelings, and let a simple word come to your mind that can help remind you of it.

Personal safety plan (grounding strategies in action)

What are 3-4 things that help you manage stress, regain balance, and increase a sense of calm in the moment?

• Work plan and home plan

If willing (not everyone will feel comfortable), share the safety plans and help support each other

- Normalize using strategies that support wellbeing

When you notice feelings of overwhelm, ("catching" the stress response), intentionally engage your safety plan

 Increase sense of being in charge and choosing how you want to respond (not react) in a situation

Make the plans visible and accessible

- Laminate cards, attach to the back of your ID badge, paste on a clipboard, attach to car dashboard
- Practice when feeling calm!



My Personal Safety Plan

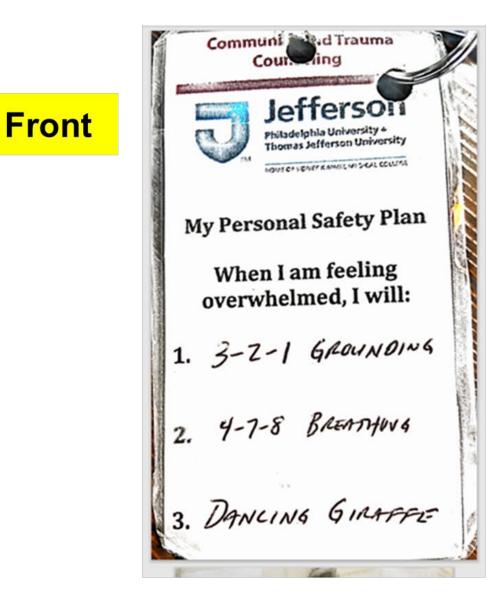
If I am feeling overwhelmed, I will:

- 1. Exhale deeply and inhale, elicit a yawn
- 2. Soften the muscle in my face and belly
- Get up and move around, go outside if possible
- 4. Hold my dog

My Mantra: May there be joy in this moment!

Sanctuary Model

Sample ID Badge with Safety Plan







Intentional Choice to Change Tracks

Experience Settling



When we experience being grounded there is a sense of relief

Something physically shifts:

- An exhale
- Softening of the face
- Shoulders drop
- Tears
- Goosebumps
- A pause in their speaking
- More relaxation into the dialogue
- Energetic shift



Integrating Grounding Strategies is an Intentional Practice

Not "one and done!"

To Touch or Not To Touch?



Trauma-Informed Precautions for Sexual Assault

Sexual assault is sufficiently common that every long-term care facility is likely to have multiple female and male residents who have experienced rape, attempted rape, or contact sexual violence (CDC, 2017).

Every staff person who touches a resident's body should practice precautions for sexual assault.

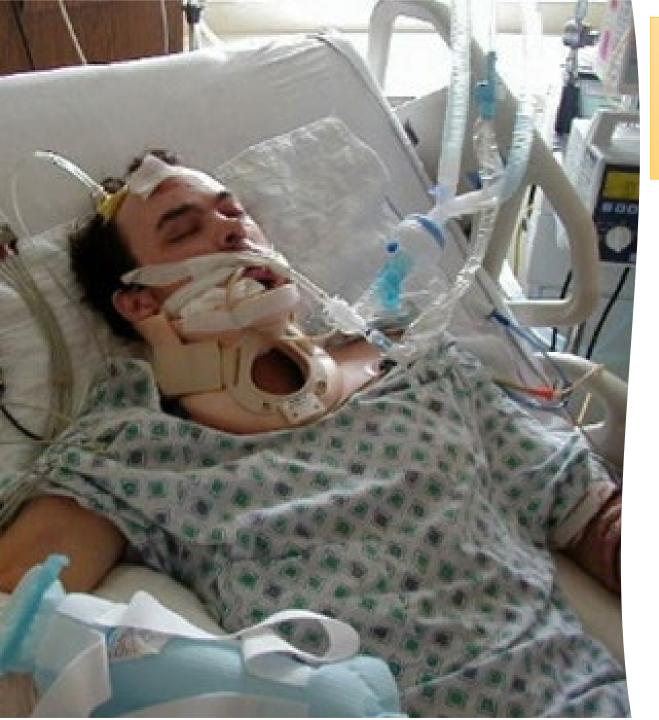
Considerations Around Touching

- It is not uncommon for a resident to hold a caregiver's hand or to indicate a desire for a hug (caregivers, too!)
- Touch may feel reassuring and nourishing **or** invasive and threatening
- Touch may communicate safety, trust, and care **or** it may trigger a reaction
- Cautions are vital and staff must demonstrate self-awareness, sensitivity, and knowledge of the complexities of touch



Be Mindful of the Context of Touch

- Patients/residents may feel
 vulnerable
- Might be wearing a hospital gown and feel exposed or unprotected
- Often visits are in a very personal space like the bedroom with the individual lying in bed
- There is likely a power difference



For a resident in a coma, should we touch?

Uncharted territory

Take into consideration the context of a prior relationship and if there was previously permission to touch

- Let the person know what you are doing and tell them you hope it's okay
- Be very gentle and even transient in the touch

Trauma-Informed Approach to Touch

- Do not assume every person wants physical contact
- Read the situation and if it appears touch may be welcome, ask them
 - Or, is there a nonverbal invitation (e.g., opening one's arms as the staff member is leaving)?
 - If you reach out your hand, does the individual take it, or not?
 - Learning how to hug in a way that matches the resident and doesn't infantilize, overwhelm, or feel threatening or rote.



What do we do with the grounding strategies?



Person Centered Care (F675)

"...focus on the resident as the locus of control and support the resident in making their own choices and having control over their daily lives."

- Emphasis on self-worth, self-esteem
- Resident as the decision-maker
- Staff support the resident to make choices
- Staff make effort to understand what the resident is communicating verbally and nonverbally
- Staff help the resident identify what is important regarding daily routines and activities
- Sense of satisfaction with oneself, the environment, care received, accomplishments of desired goals and control over one's life
- Staff has understanding of resident's life before coming to the nursing home

Person-Centered and Trauma-Informed (PCTI) Care Plans

Are care plans exercises in regulatory compliance in your facility or do they truly uphold PCTI principles (e.g., trust, safety, choice, empowerment)?

- Does the care plan emphasize the resident's strengths and resilience?
- Does it identify the human being and not a set of disabilities or problems?
- Does the care plan improve the resident's quality of life and wellbeing?

Does the care plan include known and potential triggers for reactions?

- Are the interventions meaningful to the resident?
- Do the interventions include grounding strategies?
- Is it clear what staff should do (not just what they shouldn't do)?
- Are all staff on all shifts informed of the strategies?

Instead of a "behavior" care plan, how about a "connection" care plan?



Trauma-Informed Care Includes Staff

We All Have Triggers

- All of us have had past experiences that trigger responses to particular individuals and/or situations

 Importance of self-awareness of our own trauma history and how it might impact us and the care we provide
- When our triggers impact our ability to provide care, we need adaptive strategies and a workplace environment/culture that supports **impact sharing**

What is Impact Sharing? (supports TIC principles of safety, trust, transparency, peer support, and collaboration)

- Hearing about a person's reaction to a situation and the impact on them to help them process an experience
 - What they are feeling and what needs were not met
 - Past experiences that may be triggered
 - Having the experience of being heard with empathy
- Impact sharing comes before education, discussion of policies, advising, reassurance, or problem solving
- If impacts are left unattended, the person may not feel heard, acknowledged, or understood for how the experience affects them
- Supports staff to increase their **capacity** to provide care

What is Capacity?

Capacity is the limit of what we have available to give of ourselves in any moment.

• Individual capacity and collective capacity (e.g., a nursing home)

Staying within capacity can be challenging, especially when there is so much need and we fear losing belonging (being left out)

- We know the world is littered with judgments. We judge ourselves and others for not having enough capacity. We may even judge others for having more capacity and we feel badly for not doing more.
- We've developed shame around our needs and limits, and we try to hide our capacity limits in order to look to others like we are something other than we are.



What is one little thing that you are taking with you today?

Thank you for sharing part of your day with me and for your work to create more traumainformed communities for all. Paige

Please complete the post-test and evaluation survey.

Visit https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/PostTestTrauma4_2023

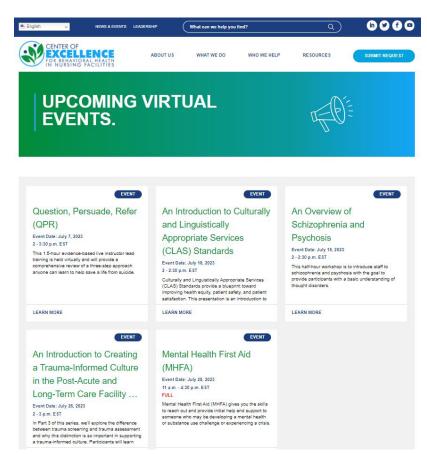
or scan the QR code:





Stay Up-to-date and Register for our Next Event!

https://nursinghomebehavioralhealth.org/ upcoming-events/



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- Twitter: <u>twitter.com/NursingHomeBH</u>
- Facebook: <u>www.facebook.com/NursingHomeBH</u>
- YouTube: <u>www.youtube.com/channel/UCgnRi9EFB9rXApnIUwS09s</u> w

Contact us:

For more information or to request assistance, we can be reached by phone at

1-844-314-1433 or by email at <u>coeinfo@allianthealth.org</u>.

Visit the website:

nursinghomebehavioralhealth.org



Thank You!







PCTI Resources From Paige



Person-centered Trauma-informed Conversation Prompts (2 pages)

 Provides question prompts for each trauma-informed care principle and guidance on how to use them to develop trusting and healing experiences with residents

Trauma-Informed Touch (1 page)

 Supports staff and providers to care for and consider the potential impact on the receiver of our touch

Grounding Practices (1 page)

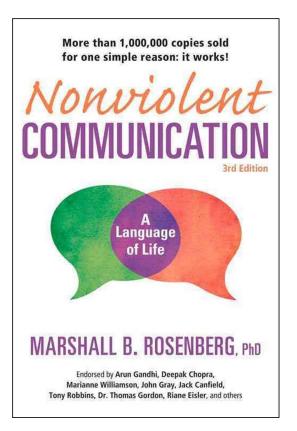
• To support a person in reorienting to the present moment

Suggestion: Consider integrating this content in staff training

* Refer to handout "Person-Centered Trauma-Informed Handouts"



The missing link in many organizations is the language of collaboration and things get stuck at the human communication level. The language we are using doesn't serve collaboration because it is centered in right/wrong, either/or, power over, and judgmental consciousness. It doesn't support trust and good will. There is a need to learn a new way to communicate centered around human needs, both/and thinking, power with, and non-judgmental consciousness. NVC offers a tested model of communication that removes the obstacles for collaboration to take place.



Nonviolent Communication (NVC) is a set of skills that supports a communication model based on empathy.

Marshall B. Rosenberg psychologist, mediator, author, teacher (1934-2015)

Feelings when needs are being fulfilled (are met)

EXCITED
Enthusiastic
Alive
Surprised
Amazed
Flabbergasted
Ecstatic
Enthralled
Thrilled
Radiant
Eager
Awake
Blissful
Astonished
Passionate
Eager
Energetic

CONFIDENT Empowered Proud Hopeful Optimistic Strong Resolute Powerful Open Safe Secure

Paige Hector, LMSW

paige@paigeahead.com, 520-955-3387

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	Quiet
COMPASSIONATE	Mello
Tender	Bright
Warm	Zen
Loving	At eas
Friendly	Reliev
Affectionate	Relaxe
	Seren
ENGAGED	Caref
Curious	Tranq
Fascinated	Comf
Inspired	At ho
Interested	Satisf
Involved	Conte
Wonder	Cente
Anticipation	Grour
Inspiration	Balan
Alert	Clear
Engrossed	Refre
Enchanted	Fulfill
Intrigued	Alive
Spellbound	Chille
Stimulated	Prese
In flow	Still
	Trusti
Grateful	H L
Moved	Desire
Touched	Optim
Openhearted	Heart
Appreciative	Expec
	Encou



Feelings when needs are calling SCARED for our attention (not met) Fearful Afraid Suspicious Panicked ASHAMED Paralyzed Embarrassed Startled Shy Anxious Guilty Terrified Apprehensive TIRED AGITATED Weary Shocked Exhausted Startled Defeated Upset Burned out Surprised Sleepy Disturbed Overwhelmed Alert Fatigued Panicked Overwhelmed HATE Uncomfortable Hostile Restless Aversion Troubled Bitter Disgusted WITHDRAWN Contempt Bored Dislike Apathetic Numb WORRIED Withdrawn Tense Alienated Nervous Cold Anxious Numb Edgy Detached Concerned Isolated Stressed Disengaged

BODYFULNESS

Water Food Digestion Shelter Safety Warmth Coolness Pleasure Hug Nature connection Rest Sleep Light Darkness Breath Sexual expression Touch, Being touched Comfort Gentleness Speech Silence Privacy Care Health Healing, Being healed Sunlight Movement Exercise Music, Sound Rhythm Death

MEANING Gratitude Celebrating life Self-expression To matter Purpose Flow Living according to one's values Courage Mourning, Tears Exploration Discovery Meaning Understanding Contribution Enrich life Presence, Centeredness Hope, Vision, Dream, Faith Spirituality Clarity Focus Concentration To know and to be in reality Learning, Growth Inspiration, Creativity Innovation Challenge, Stimulation Empowerment Competence Participation Simplicity

Paige Hector, LMSW paige@paigeahead.com, 520-955-3387

Human Needs

ONENESS/UNITY Authenticity Integrity Presence Honesty Togetherness Wholeness Grace Bodyfulness

INTERDEPENDENCE

Harmony Peace Peace of mind Flow Wellbeing of those we love Beauty Calm Relaxation Tranguility Ease Sustainability Stability Balance Predictability Structure Wholeness Capacity Abundance Certainty Truth Honesty Integrity

AUTONOMY Spontaneity Knowledge, Information Space Change Transformation Variety Choice Power Responsibility Freedom Dissent Limitation Security

PLAY Joy Laughter Fun Humor Spontaneity Lightness Passion Discovery Adventure Renewal Refreshment Variety Diversity Mystery Wonder Amazement Myth, Story

CONNECTION

Love. Self-love Self-connection Empathy, Self-empathy Compassion, Self-Compassion That my needs matter Intimacy Dignity Closeness Friendliness Community Cooperation Collaboration Belonging Appreciation Understand, Being understood Seeing, Being seen Hearing, Being heard To know, To be known Partnership, Companionship Friendship Care, Self-care Consideration Acceptance Reassurance Respect Trust Reciprocity Inclusion Involvement Support, Help, Nurturance Affection Giving, Receiving Tenderness, Softness Consistency, Continuity

Empathy is a trauma-informed practice

- When we are willing to see that we have unmet needs, and if we meet those needs, we can contribute to this world in a way that is meaningful and aligned with our purpose.
- When we integrate a needs-based consciousness (awareness), we are more effective and more efficient, both of which help make our nursing homes and assisted living communities better places to live and to work.

Why do people find value in learning NVC?

- Hungry for skills that can improve the quality of our relationships
- Deepen our sense of personal empowerment
- Help us communicate more effectively
- Transform conflict
- We can more clearly express what is going on inside of us
- Understand what is going on in others
- Develop a consciousness about the impact of how we think and how we use language in everyday conversation
- Every setting healthcare, schools, corporations, prisons, families

NVC supports us in these types of situations

- Conflict with patients, family members, colleagues, in our personal lives
- Emotional overwhelm complex issues around dying and death, work-life balance, situations with our kids/partners/spouses
- Transforming judgments and increasing our capacity to listen and respond instead of react with criticism, argue, defend or blame
- Speaking our truth and what's important to us, even in situations when we have less power than the other person/group

Online Resources

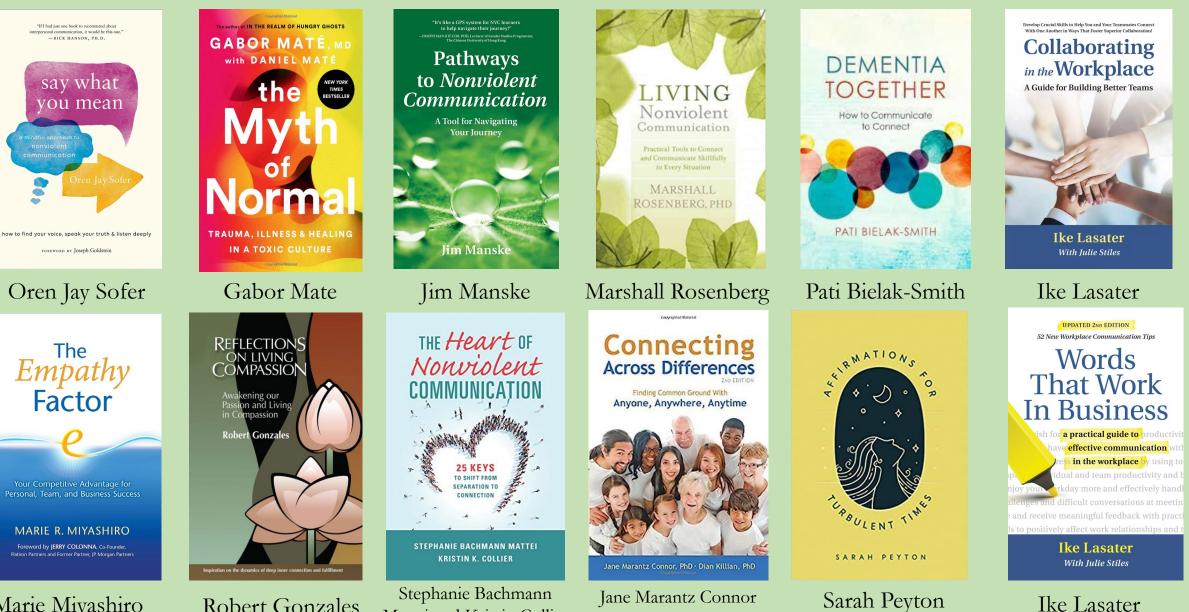
NVC Academy, <u>https://nvctraining.com/</u>

- A variety of free materials
- Audio and video downloads for purchase

Bay Area Nonviolent Communication (NVC), https://baynvc.org/

- Blog and free worksheets
- Classes and events

Additional Book Recommendations



and Dian Killian

Ike Lasater

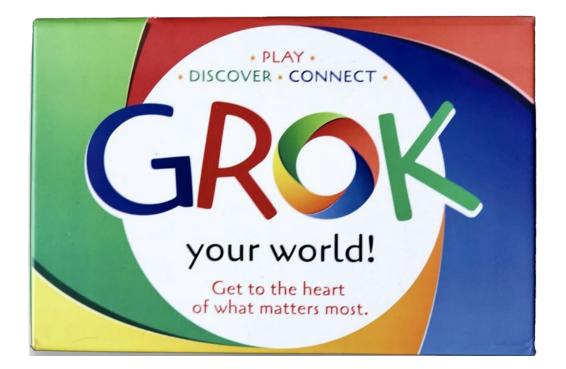
Marie Miyashiro

Robert Gonzales

Mattei and Kristin Collier

Growing Your Community Around Empathy (GROK card games)





*GROK is from the novel *Stranger in a Strange Land*, by Robert Heinlein and means *"to deeply understand"*

https://groktheworld.com/

Sarah Peyton

author, international speaker, neuroscience educator

Click Get Started, then Explore Topics (blog), https://sarahpeyton.com/

YouTube Channel https://www.youtube.com/c/S arahPeyton



Aya Caspi Certified Trainer with the Center for Nonviolent Communication

The Center for Nonviolent Communication https://www.cnvc.org/profile/3192

Nonviolent Communication at Ghidotti High https://youtu.be/zWicevVTg8U

Facebook https://www.facebook.com/aya.cas pi.7



Dr. Yvette Erasmus clinical psychologist, teacher, writer

Resources and Blog https://www.yvetteerasmus.com/

YouTube Channel https://www.youtube.com/c/Yvett eErasmusPsyD

Free Q&A Call

https://yvetteerasmus.com/conver sations-from-the-heart-join-now/

