

Utilizing Methadone to Treat Residents for Pain and Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) in Nursing Facilities: A Comprehensive Guide



Host



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Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health in Nursing Facilities (COE-NF)

Training and education lead

Nikki serves as the training and education lead for the Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health in Nursing Facilities (COE-NF). For the past 20 years, Nikki has provided program implementation, development, management, external and internal trainings, policy development, quality assurance, and managed training coordination and technical support throughout the southeast region.

Previously, she served as the program manager for the Division of Behavioral Health and Substance Use Services within the South Carolina Department of Corrections.

She has a B.A. in psychology from the University of South Carolina, a M.A. in counseling from Webster University and is a certified behavioral specialist.



Presenter



Dr. Swati Gaur, MD, MBA, CMD, AGSF

Medical director - Post acute care Northeast Georgia Health System Dr. Gaur is the medical director of New Horizons Nursing Facilities with the Northeast Georgia Health System and Alliant Health Solutions. She is also the CEO of Care Advances Through Technology, a technology innovation company. In addition, she is on the EMR transition and implementation team for the health system, providing direction to EMR entity adaption to the LTC environment.

She has also consulted with post-acute long-term care companies on optimizing medical services in PALTC facilities, integrating medical directors and clinicians into the QAPI framework, and creating frameworks of interdisciplinary work in the organization.



Presenter



Jenn Azen, MD, MPH

Dr. Azen is a board-certified internal medicine and addiction medicine physician. She practices in the primary care and post-acute care with UW Medicine. Her post-acute care work includes working in facilities who care for socially complex residents including substance use disorders.

As the medical director of the UW Medical Center Addiction Consult Service, her addiction medicine service focuses on transplant, heart disease, and oncology patients.

He primary care panel includes home visits in adult family homes, assisted living, supportive living.

Clinical Associate Professor, University of Washington School of Medicine,
Department of Medicine, Division of General Internal Medicine
Attending Physician, UW Medicine Post-Acute Care Service
Medical Director, UW Medical Center Addiction Medicine Consult Service
Primary Care Physician and Physician Educator, UW Medicine Primary Care Clinics



Financial Disclosures

Dr. Azen (CVS stockholder)
My husband is a home
infusion pharmacist with CVS
and participates in the
employee stock plan.

Dr. Gaur - Has no disclosures.







Methadone Guide for Skilled Nursing Admissions

Helps skilled nursing teams to assess indication for methadone

Guides teams in the process of coordinating methodone with opioid treatment programs

Provides tips for management after admission



Pre-Admission Evaluation

Attention Admission Coordinators!!

If the indication
for the
methadone order
is unclear, seek
clarification from
the referring
hospital or
provider

If the indication for the methadone order is unclear, seek clarification from the referring hospital or provider

Methadone

PAIN

Factors that suggest methadone is prescribed for pain:

Dose is less than 60mg total per day

Dose is split into 3 or 4 times per day dosing

If prescribed as an outpatient for pain, dispense records available on Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)

Opioid Use Disorder (OUD)

Factors that suggest methadone is prescribed for OUD:

Dose is equal or greater than 60mg

Dose is once or twice a day

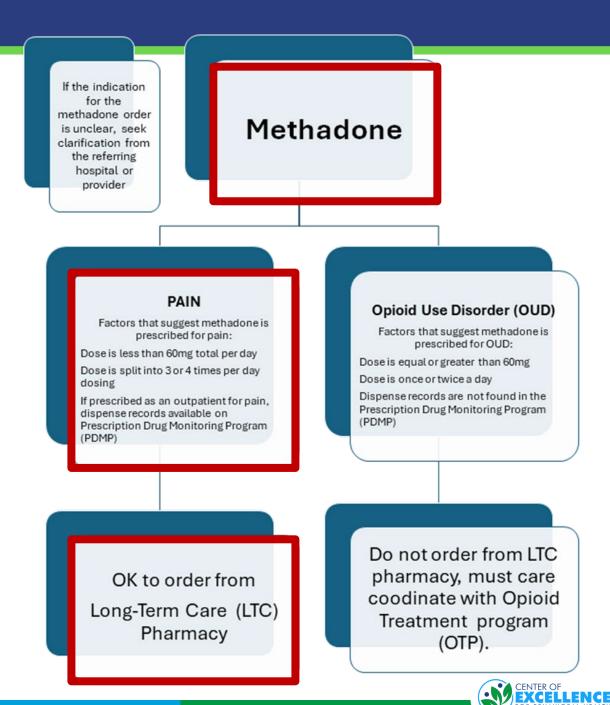
Dispense records are not found in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)

OK to order from Long-Term Care (LTC) Pharmacy Do not order from LTC pharmacy, must care coodinate with Opioid Treatment program (OTP).



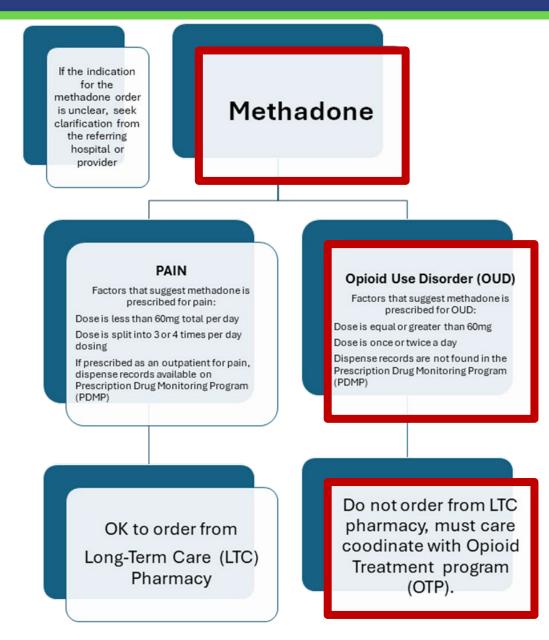
Methadone for Pain

- Dose is typically less than 60mg per day
- Dose is often dosed 3-4 times per day
- Verify on Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)
- If consistent with methadone for pain, OK to order from LTC pharmacy



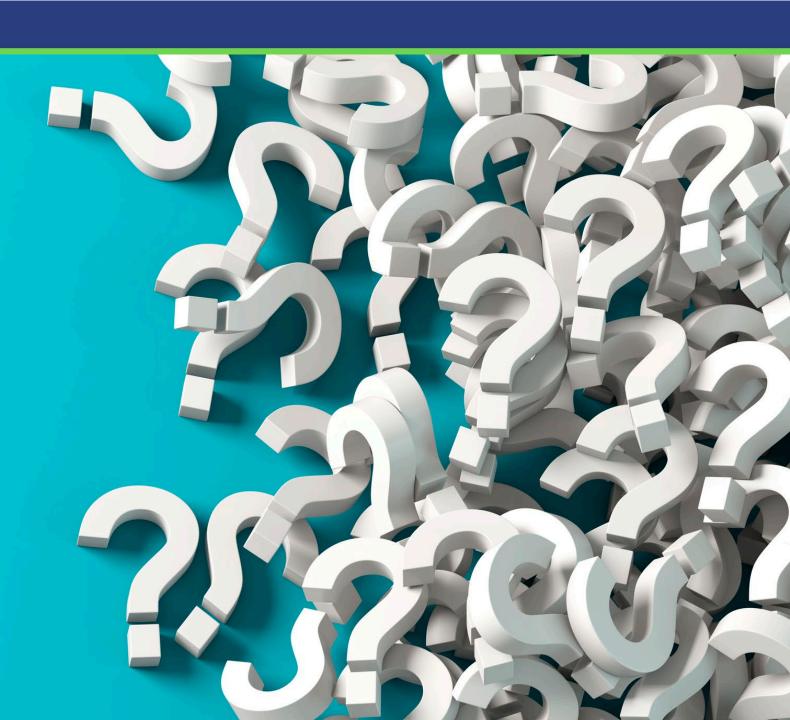
Methadone for Opioid Use Disorder

- Dose is typically greater than 60mg (but not always)
- Dose is typically once a day (can be ordered for twice a day in certain situations)
- Dispense records are generally not found in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP)
- DO NOT ORDER from LTC pharmacy, coordinate with OTP





Questions?



Determine if potential resident is currently established with local OTP **Pre-Admission** Established with Not established local OTP with local OTP Not establish with Established at Coordinate delivery OTP Distant OTP with local OTP *** Verify intake Coordinate appointment with "courtesy dosing" local OTP* at local OTP ** Coordinate delivery Verify intake appointment with with local OTP*** local OTP* Coordinate delivery with local OTP***

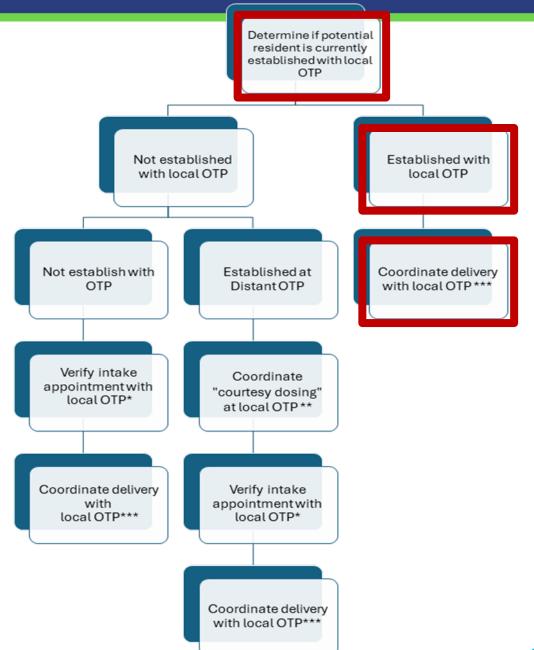
OTP Coordination



Established at Local OTP

Local Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) is the first key to coordination.

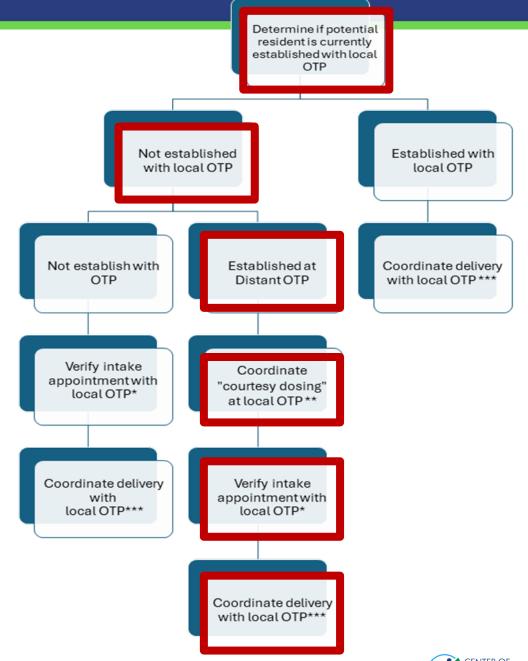
If already established, "intake" is not necessary, just work with OTP team to determine delivery preference.





Established at Distant OTP

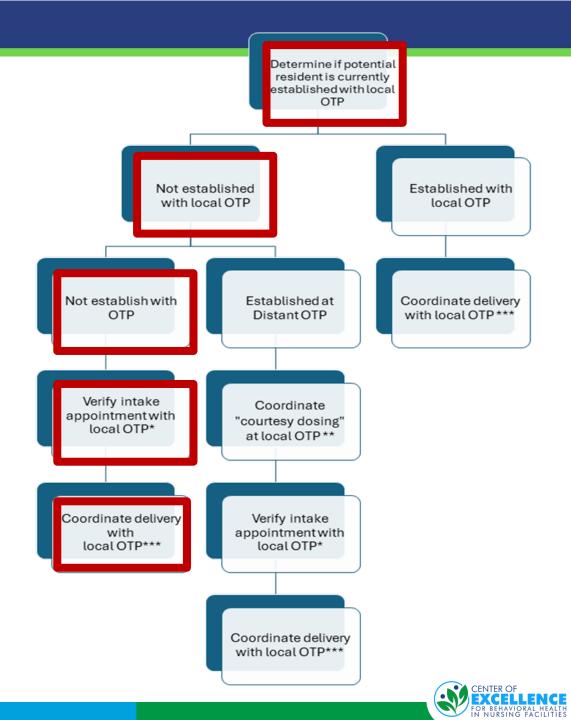
- If not established at a local OTP but established at a distant OTP, care can be transferred
- "Courtesy Dosing" can be arranged at local OTP. This is typically done by treatment coordinator at patient's home OTP.
- Intake will need to be coordinated at the local OTP for courtesy dosing
- Coordinate delivery plans once intake is established





Not Established at OTP

- If not established with an OTP, needs to establish at a local OTP
- Verify an intake appointment is scheduled prior to admission or within 1-2 days of admission
- Once intake is scheduled, team can start to coordinate delivery with OTP



Verify Intake Appointment with Local OTP

- Hospital or referring provider should establish intake appointment prior to admission to SNF.
- May be done while inpatient via telemed (uncommon)
- Intake appointment is best scheduled day after admission to SNF but must be scheduled within 72h of admission to SNF
- Anticipate in person visit at OTP for intake, but telemed may be possible
- If intake not scheduled within 24h of admission, then emergency methadone dosing is needed from hospital



Coordinate Courtesy Dosing with Local OTP

- Hospital or referring provider coordinates a transfer of dosing "courtesy dosing" from distant OTP to local OTP
- Once accepted for "courtesy dosing," then intake appointment is established.



Coordinate Delivery with Local OTP

- Future resident must sign Release of Information (ROI) for SNF and OTP to communicate
- Chain of Custody Agreement to be signed for methodone storage and administration (designate 2 staff members)
- Verify name and dose will be on methadone bottles
- Determine deliver method
 - OTP delivery
 - o Pick up by Resident
 - o Pick up by Staff
 - o Other



Logistics of methadone delivery

OTP Delivery

- frequency of drop-off
- time and day/s of the week
- designate 2 staff to receive (on chain of custody)

Pick up by Resident

- frequency of OTP visits
- determine if staff member needed (complete chain of custody)
- coordinate lock box logistics

Pick up by Staff

- frequency
- day/time for pick-up
- verify staff pickup is on chain of custody

Other

- determine prior to admission
- •resident may have a chain of custody in place who can deliver to facility



72-hour Emergency Administration of Methadone

- Hospitals/pharmacies can request a DEA exception which allows them to administer (not dispense) methadone for opioid use disorder for up to 72h in order to bridge to an opioid treatment program.
- The doses can be sent to skilled nursing facility with the resident to bridge to intake appointment
- Reasonable to ask referring hospitals to request this exception
- Reasonable to request LTC pharmacy explore this option

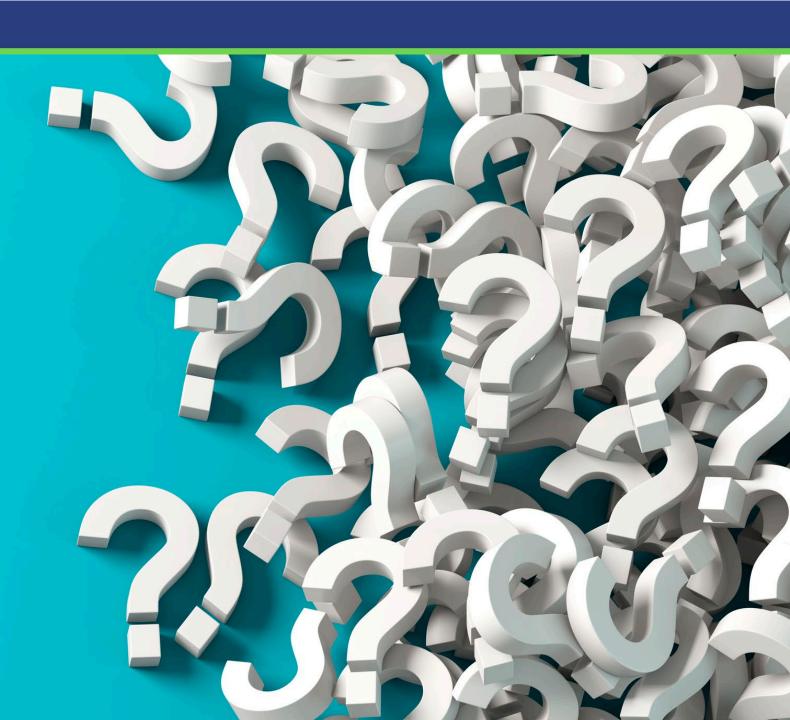


State Opioid Treatment Authority (SOTA)

- State Opioid Treatment Authorities (SOTA) are great resources in coordinating with opioid treatment programs.
- They can help to guide OTPs with care coordination in skilled nursing facilities.
- Helpful to get SOTA involved if OTPs are pushing back on coordinating doses at nursing facilities.
- Reasonable to ask SOTA to clarify any processes from regulatory standpoint.



Questions?



Care Planning

- Methadone documentation
- Order Narcan
- Develop plans for dose adjustment
- Substance use testing
- Behavioral treatment
- Discharge planning

Methadone Documentation and Administration

- · Dose should be documented in EMR.
- Use correct diagnosis (Opioid Use Disorder).
- Dose will be observed by staff, monitoring for sedation.
- Utilize a methadone log sheet (similar to narcotics log) in which nurse and resident verify administrations of methadone. This may be provided by OTP.

Orders

- Nursing facility clinician should write order for daily methadone (LTC pharmacy does not dispense, OTP supply).
- Narcan should be a standing PRN order for opioid overdose.
- Narcan should be available in nursing cart.

Develop A Plan for Dose Adjustment

- Methadone can be held for sedation, but held doses must be communicated to OTP and resident's treating clinician.
- Resident reports of undertreatment (ongoing opioid withdrawal or cravings) should be reported to OTP.
- Dose adjustment can only be made by OTP provider (not nursing facility clinician).
- Dose adjustment appointments may be completed in person at OTP or via telemedicine.

Substance Testing

- OTP may request urine tox screening.
- Verify that fentanyl and methadone are tested with the ordered tox screening.

Behavioral Health Treatment

- Substance Use Counseling is available at OTP.
- Residents may choose to engage in counseling in person or via telemedicine.
- Establishing with a counselor is essential with discharge coordination.

- Inform OTP of resident discharge date or if resident opts to leave the facility.
- · Residents cannot be discharged with methadone.
- Methadone disposal/return should be coordinated with OTP.
- If discharged out of the area, counselors at OTP will assist in coordinating transfer of care to a new OTP or back to previous OTP.



Methadone Documentation

- Document in EMR (even when LTC pharmacy is not dispensing)
- Document correct diagnosis for methadone (opioid use disorder.
- Utilize log sheet (may be provided by OTP
 - Patient signs for dose administered
 - Nurse cosigns dose administered

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Order Narcan

 Always order Narcan as needed for signs of opioid overdose

 Make sure Narcan is available in nursing cart (not only crash cart)

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Plan for Dose Adjustment

- Methadone can be held for sedation, but held doses must be communicated to OTP
- If resident reports undertreatment (withdrawal or cravings) report to OTP.
- Dose adjustments can only be made by OTP provider (not SNF provider)
- Dose adjustment appointments can be completed in person or telemed

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- · Establishing with a counselor is essential with discharge coordination.



Substance Testing

- OTP may require substance testing
- Urine toxicology screening most common
- Verify urine toxicology screening tests for methodone, fentanyl

Methadone Documentation and Administration

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Behavioral Treatments

- Substance use counseling is available at opioid treatment program.
- Residents may engage in counseling in person or via telemed
- Establishing with counselor (treatment coordinator) is essential with discharge coordination

Develop A Plan for Dose Adjustment

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Discharge Planning

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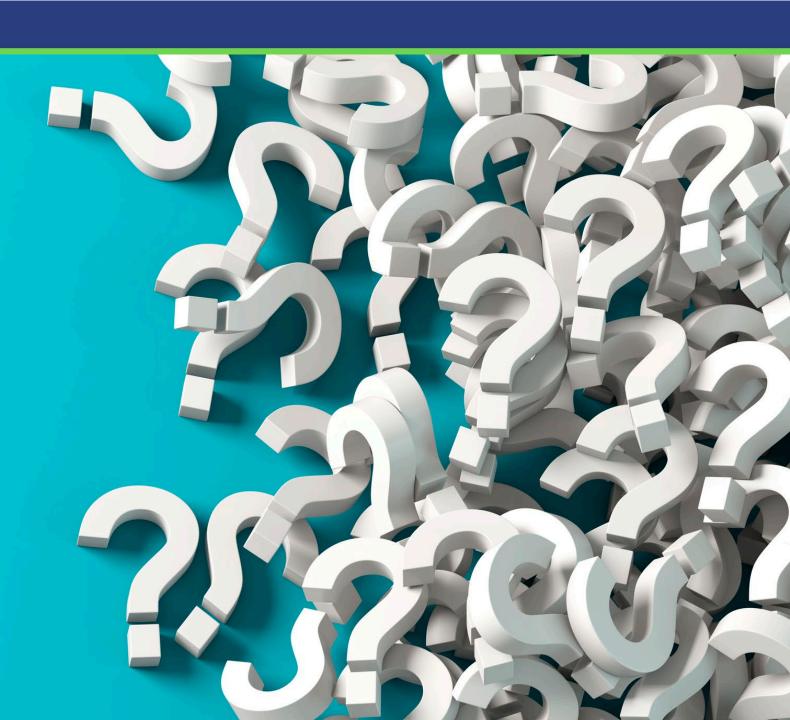
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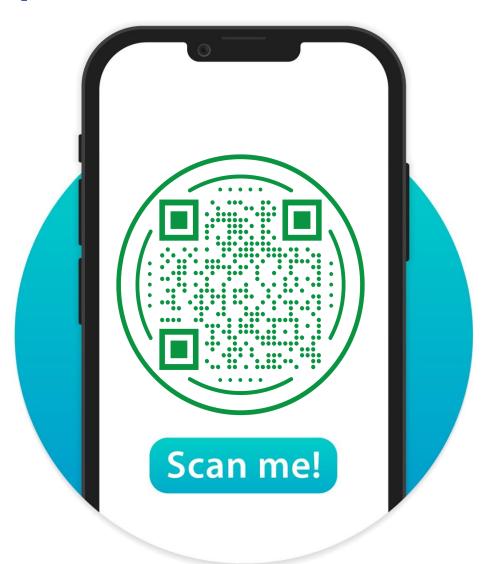
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Questions?



Request Assistance



To submit a request for assistance, scan the QR code.

We look forward to assisting you!

Contact us:

For more information or to request assistance, we can be reached by phone at **1-844-314-1433** or by email at coeinfo@allianthealth.org.

Visit the website:

nursinghomebehavioralhealth.org



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Thank You!









